

FY21-22 Call for Projects STBG-Competitive Scoring Rubric

Category	Description		Scoring Method	Justification	Max
Connectivity	Bicycle and Pedestrian : The project should connect to an existing bicycle or pedestrian facility in order to qualify for these points. To qualify for points, other facilities should be existing on the ground, under construction at time of application, or obligated for federal or state construction funding at the time of application. Scoring allows flexibility for new connections.	Transit : Directly connects the transit user with other modes, routes, systems, or destinations. The project directly serves riders and provides new connections between the transit system and other modes, routes, systems or destinations. To qualify for these points, the other modes, routes, systems, or destinations must be existing, under construction at the time of application, or obligated for federal or state construction funding at the time	For projects with less than three existing connections, one point for each planned connection up to three points maximum; 1 connection = 4 points, 2 connections = 7 points, 3 or more connections = 10 points	SPOT	10
Access to Transit	If the project improves access to transit services by being within ¼-mile of fixed-route transit stop.		Closest = 10; others relative ranked based on distance; 8 = next closest, etc. It is possible for multiple projects to get 10 points if they provide direct access	Supports equity, mode shift, and a multimodal transportation network.	10
Population and Employment Density	Variable score from 0-10 points based on the relative population and employment density within a 0.5 mile buffer of the corridor. For multi-jurisdictional agencies, the municipality where the project is located will be used to normalize scores.		Relative Score	Similar to a category in the Regional Bicycle and Pedestrian scoring rubric. MPO staff will perform this analysis using the regional model.	10

Local Priority Each submitting agency will receive 15 points to apply to their projects. Environmental Justice and Equity Projects will receive points if located in communities of concern identified in DCHC MPO's 2020 Environmental Justice Report. 0 or 3; 2 Sixty percent of a project needs to be located in a community of concern or overlapping communities of concern to receive these points. 0 or 2; Concern to receive these points.	rith no funding = 25, ight-of-Way Phase 15; esign Phase=0	of prioritizing shovel- ready projects.	
Justice and Equityidentified in DCHC MPO's 2020 Environmental Justice Report.3; 2Sixty percent of a project needs to be located in a community of concern or overlapping communities of concern to receive these points.0ver 4 Over 12; CoOL		Allows agencies to demonstrate their priorities. Giving all agencies that submit projects the same number of points supports fair geographic distribution of projects. No project can receive more than 10 local priority points.	15
	or 1 Overlap CoC = ; 2 Overlapping oC=6; 3 verlapping CoC = 9; Overlapping CoC = 2; 5 Overlapping oC = 15	Aligns with Zero Disparity goal of 2050 MTP	15
SafetyProjects will receive a variable score from 0-15 points based on the relative number of bike/ped crashes in previous 5 years within a 1/4 mile buffer of the project, or an alternate corridor if the project is on a new location.Relative Relative Relative	elative Score	Aligns with Zero Fatalities and Serious Injury Goal of 2050 MTP	15 105

Geographic	Per the adopted DCHC Federal Funding Policy, geographic distribution (formerly "geographic equity") will be taken into		
Distribution of	account for funding recommendations once quantitative scores have been calculated.		
Projects	The DCHC Federal Funding policy states that "when projects are being considered, equity and funding in jurisdictions over		
	time will be considered." DCHC staff has interpreted this as all jurisdictions should have access to competitive federal		
	funding sources, regardless of population.		