

Regional Freight Plan

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Today's Objective

- Familiar with regional freight plan scope and process
- Understand key points in freight plan
- Familiar with recommendations
- Provide comments and release freight plan for minimum 30-day public comment period



Ultimate Objective

- Schedule:
 - 9/12, Board release for public comment
 - 10/10, Board conduct public hearing
 - 10/15, Public comment period ends
 - 11/14, Board approve Freight Plan
- Use of Freight Plan Freight Plan recommendations considered for inclusions in long-range transportation plans and local land use plans.



Scope

- First multimodal freight plan for Triangle Region
- Purpose: create vision of future multimodal freight system and identify policies and investments
- Joint effort by DCHC MPO, CAMPO and NCDOT
- Report + Appendices + Executive Summary = 383 pages



Process

- Started in 2015; periodic updates to TC/Board
- WSP and five sub consultants
- Guided by:
 - set of freight specific goals that were based on 2045 MTP goals
 - Regional Freight Stakeholder Advisory Council (RFSAC)
 - Workshops, stakeholder interviews, and online survey



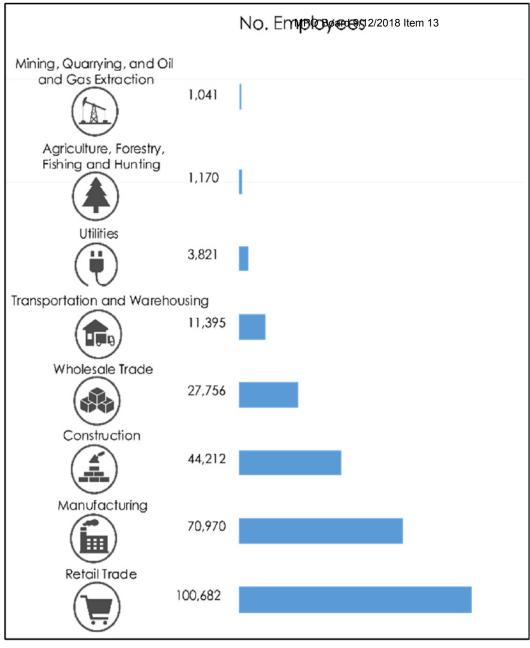
Process

- Data Collection and Analysis (all modes):
 - Inventory
 - Trends
 - Forecasts of demand and capacity
 - Supply chains (e.g., high-tech manu., home delivery)
- Modes:
 - Highway
 - Rail
 - Air
 - Ports
 - Pipelines

Many freight intensive industries in Triangle

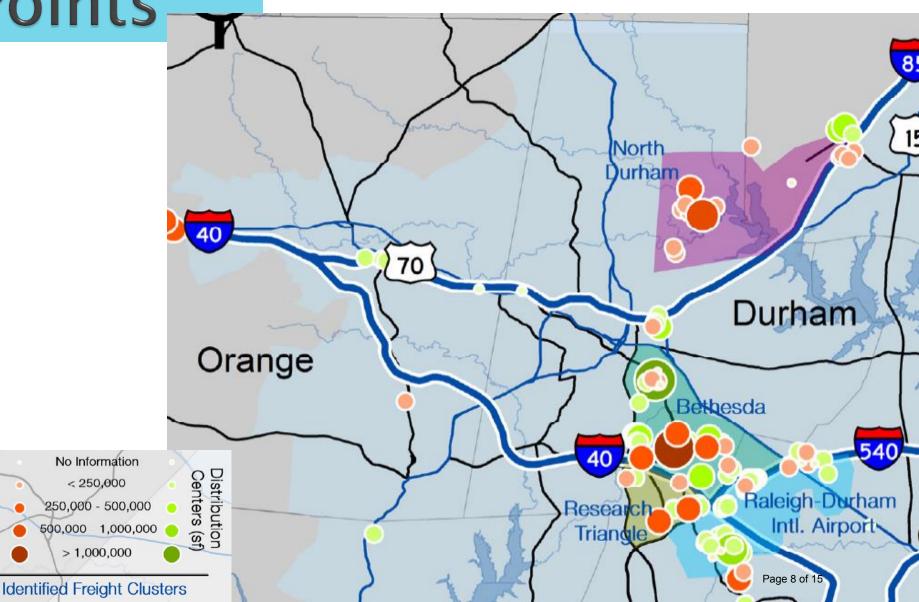
Raleigh-Durham moved ~20% (in value) of freight in N.C.

Industries dependent on freight transportation make a \$21 billion contribution to the region's economy, accounting for one-third of its Gross Regional Product.



Triangle Region Employment by Freight-Dependent Industry, (InfoUSA – 2013)

Manufacturing Facilities (sf) There are several freight clusters in the DCHC MPO planning area



Fundamental Requirements

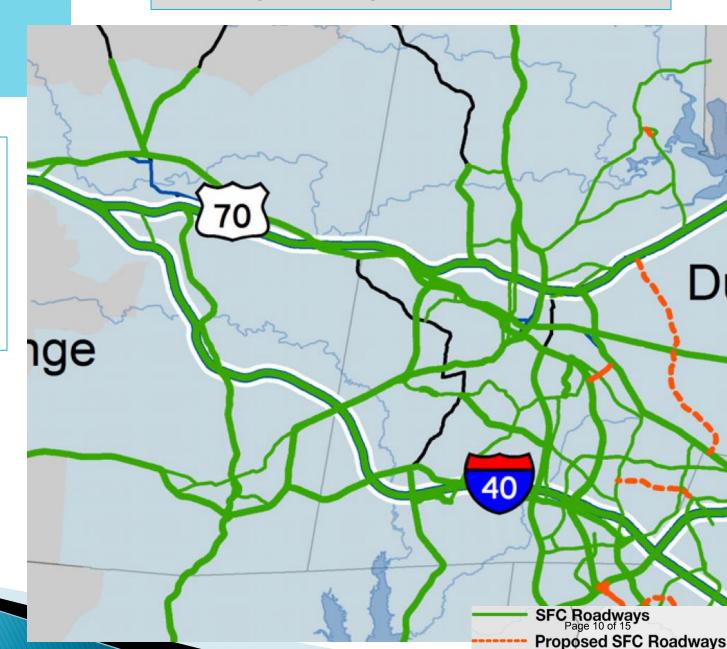
Freight for manufacturing goods and consumer goods have a few fundamental requirements as fast, reliable delivery in a world where service standards continue climbing:

- Overcome delays and higher costs associated with congestion;
- Ability to locate <u>logistics</u> facilities where they are needed; and,
- Improve <u>operations</u> (e.g., tight turns, low bridges, access management)

The Strategic Freight Corridor (SFC) is the core roadway freight network for long-term investment and protection.

Used many criteria: future truck volume, crashes, access to freight related industry and employment, and stakeholder feedback.

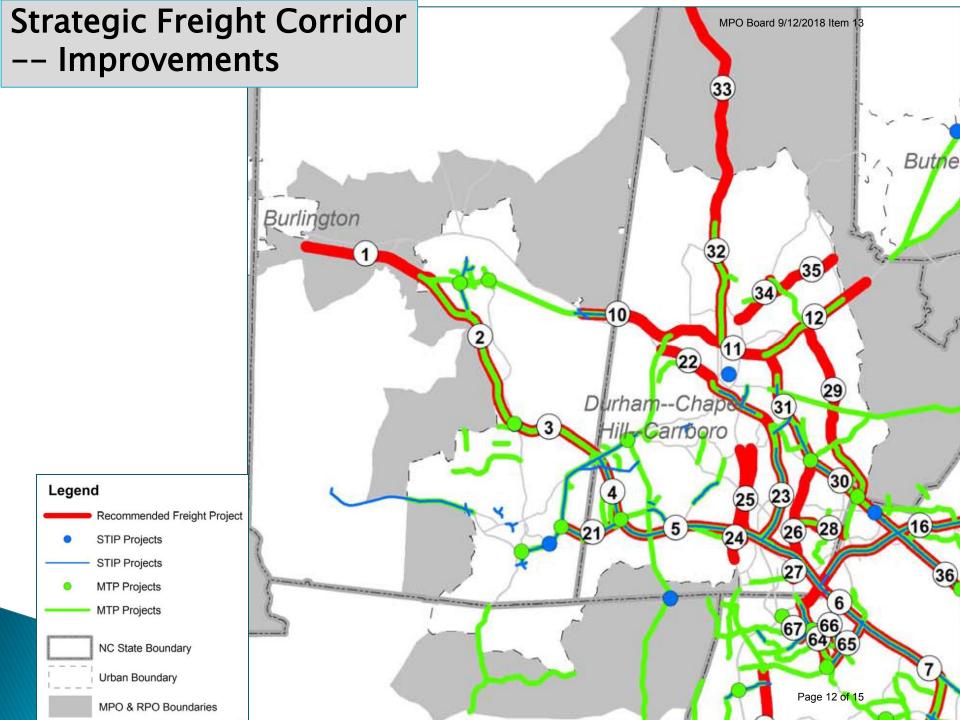
Strategic Freight Corridor (SFC)



Recommendations

Strategic Freight Corridor (SFC) – Improvements

- 24 project recommendations. Total cost is ~\$2.2 Billion for DCHC MPO
- Improvements Almost all projects widening or new roadway.
- Overlap Most projects already in 2045 MTP and CTP; and, many in 2018–2027 TIP
- Gap Ten projects not in TIP, but relatively minor
- Operations Set of operational standards for SFC



Recommendations

Development Policy & Programs

- Freight Oriented Development (FOD) support development of new FOD in diverse points of access to regional market
- Support redevelopment of older freight clusters
- Adopt access management strategies
- Adopt roadway design standards in FOD areas that are adequate for heavy truck movement.
- Discourage incompatible uses (e.g., residential) along freight and rail lines

Recommendations

Multimodal

- Maintain/Improve port access to Wilmington (I-40) and Norfolk (I-87)
- Improve rail intermodal access in Greensboro and Rocky Mount corridor
- Retain rail carload service
- Improve rail/roadway grade crossings
- Support GoTriangle passenger rail for indirect benefits to freight
- Maintain/Improve airport access corridors including I-40, I-540, and US 70



** Discussion **