

2024-2033 STIP Development Update

P6.0 Funding Availability Before IIJA – Committed Projects Only

Statewide Mobility

Available Funding	Programming Status	
\$8.7B	\$4.70B Over	

Regional Impact

Region	Available Funding	Programming Status
A (D1 & D4)	\$542.0M	\$325.8M Over
B (D2 & D3)	\$787.1M	\$525.9M Over
C (D5 & D6)	\$1.44B	\$627.6M Over
D (D7 & D9)	\$1.08B	\$635.9M Over
E (D8 & D10)	\$1.35B	\$1.05B Over
F (D11 & D12)	\$721.7M	\$578.5M Over
G (D13 & D14)	\$560.8M	\$1.07B Over

REG Total: \$4.81B

Available funding based on 2024-2033 timeframe

As of October 19, 2021. Available Funding reflects accounting for 3% inflation. Programming Status Amounts are compared to 100% of budget.

Division Needs

Division	Available Funding	Programming Status	
1	\$466M	\$188.2M Over	
2	\$466M	\$266.9M Over	
3	\$466M	\$33.9M Over	
4	\$466M	\$88.6M Under	
5	\$466M	\$281.0M Over	
6	\$466M	\$71.8M Over	
7	\$466M	\$42.1M Over	
8	\$466M	\$177.1M Over	
9	\$466M	\$65.5M Over	
10	\$466M	\$146.7M Over	
11	\$466M	\$94.5M Over	
12	\$466M	\$253.2M Over	
13	\$466M	\$368.9M Over	
14	\$466M	\$181.6M Over	

DIV Total: \$2.18B

Prioritization Workgroup Discussions

Members:

- 50% Internal NCDOT, 50% External Prioritization Partners
- MPOs, RPOs, Advocacy Groups, Division Engineers, Technical Experts

Overall Goals

- Develop trustworthy and dependable STIP (fiscally constrained)
- Produce 2024-2033 STIP using current STIP project list with transparent process
- Have an opportunity to fund new projects in P7 scoring (all 22 categories)
- Ensure process is grounded in state/federal requirements

Updates

- 3% Inflation rate recommendation from BOT
- Federal Infrastructure Bill
- Ongoing Department project cost evaluations

Sta	Status of the Three Main Decisions for Developing 2024-2033 STIP		BOT Consensus
	Decision Point One: Overall Method		
	Consensus recommendations to date: Traditional STIP Development Method TRADITIONAL STIP DEVELOPMENT METHOD Process for 2024-2033 STIP Development Step 1 - Remove all Non-Committed projects from STIP These projects become P7 Carryowers Step 2 - Determine set of "Delivery Projects" Step 3 - Determine which of the remaining 2020-2029 Committed projects that don't remain funded in the STIP Previously committed projects that don't remain funded in the STIP become P7 Carryower projects and lose committed status Previously committed projects that don't remain funded in the STIP become P7 Carryower projects and lose committed status Previously committed projects that don't remain funded in the STIP become P7 Carryower projects and lose committed status Previously committed projects that don't remain funded in the STIP become P7 Carryower projects and lose committed status.		
2	 Decision Point Two: Scenario Method for Selecting Delivery Projects Delivery Project set determined using Scenario-2 approach Anything let in FY 2026 or before, has grants awarded, or ROW underway 		
3	 Decision Point Three: Committed Project Evaluation Method P3-P4-P5 Approach with Flexibility (ability to swap schedules or projects) 		

TRADITIONAL STIP DEVELOPMENT METHOD









Process for 2024-2033 STIP Development

- Step 1 Remove funding from Non-Committed projects in STIP
 - Projects allowed to compete in next prioritization cycle
- Step 2 Determine set of "Delivery Projects"
- Step 3 Determine which of the remaining 2020-2029 Committed projects remain funded in the STIP
 - Projects will remain funded in STIP as budget allows per category
 - Previously committed projects that don't remain funded in the STIP are allowed to compete in next prioritization cycle

Delivery Project Set



- Initial project set used to develop 2024-2033 STIP
- Proper pipeline of construction ready projects
- Lesson learned from start of STI: 2 years of Transition Projects was not long enough and led to significant cash balance
- Creating Industry consistency and meeting public expectations
- Prioritization Workgroup reviewed multiple scenarios
- Consensus recommendation and agreement by the Board of Transportation

Delivery Projects:

- Current LET scheduled for FY2026 or prior
- Has Grants Awarded
- Full Right-of-Way Authorization



Decision Point Three: Committed Project Evaluation Method



Committed Project Evaluation Method

Workgroup Recommendation

- Use "Programming P3-P4-P5" Approach
 - Uses highest scores from each cycle until budget is filled
 - First in, last out concept
 - Flexibility/Cascading opportunities for funded projects

Flexibility Option

NCDOT will allow flexibility in programming once Preliminary Draft 2024-2033 STIP is programmed

- Project schedules can be adjusted (if funding availability and delivery schedules allow)
- Projects can be swapped with projects funded in the 2020-2029 STIP selected through P3.0, P4.0, or P5.0 (regardless of committed or non-committed status)
- Schedules of projects swapped into Draft STIP may be different than schedules of projects swapped out due to funding availability, annual fiscal constraint, 5/10-year analysis, and/or project delivery schedules

Parameters:

- 1. All schedule adjustments and swaps <u>must be agreed to by NCDOT and all affected MPO/RPO(s) in which</u> <u>the project is located.</u>
- 2. Cost of project(s) swapped into Draft STIP must be less than 110% of cost of project(s) being swapped out.
- 3. Swaps should generally occur within same STI funding category (additional flexibility for cascading of projects see handout)
- 4. Swaps between modes allowed as long as normalization percentages are still met
- 5. Justification for any swaps must be documented, which will be made public

STIP Development Schedule

- February 2022 NCBOT Approves STIP Development Plan
- Spring 2022 Preliminary STIP Developed; Consultation with MPOs/RPOs
- December 2022 Draft STIP Completed; comment phase begins
- June 2023 NCBOT adopts FY2024-2033 STIP
- September 2023 DCHC MPO adopts FY2024-2033 TIP